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8 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**

9 **CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

10 THERESA BROOKE, a married woman
11 dealing with her sole and separate claim,

12 Plaintiff,

13 vs.

14 SUNSTONE ANAHEIM OWNER LLC, a
15 Delaware limited liability company,

16 Defendant.

Case No:

VERIFIED COMPLAINT

(JURY TRIAL DEMANDED)

17 Plaintiff alleges:

18 **PARTIES**

19 1. Plaintiff Theresa Brooke is a married woman. Plaintiff is legally disabled,
20 and is therefore a member of a protected class under the ADA, 42 U.S.C. § 12102(2),
21 the regulations implementing the ADA set forth at 28 CFR §§ 36.101 et seq., the
22 California Unruh Civil Rights Act. Plaintiff ambulates with the aid of a wheelchair due
23 to the loss of a leg.

24 2. Defendant, Sunstone Anaheim Owner LLC, owns and/or operates and
25 does business as the hotel Budget Inn located at 1042 West Ball Road, Anaheim,
26 California 92802. Defendant's hotel is a public accommodation pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §
27 12181(7)(A), which offers public lodging services. On information and belief,
28 Defendant's hotel was built or renovated after March 15, 2012.

JURISDICTION

3. Jurisdiction in this Court is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 42 U.S.C. § 12188.

4. Plaintiff's claims asserted herein arose in this judicial district and Defendant does substantial business in this judicial district.

5. Venue in this judicial district is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c) in that this is the judicial district in which a substantial part of the acts and omissions giving rise to the claims occurred.

6. Pursuant to *Arroyo v. Rosas*, supplemental jurisdiction is appropriate over Plaintiff's Unruh claim. On a case-specific analysis, there are no compelling reasons to decline jurisdiction.

ALLEGATIONS

7. Plaintiff alleges that Defendant's hotel's disabled parking is not the shortest possible route to the Hotel lobby entrance. Section 208.3.1.

8. Disabled parking spots relate to Plaintiff's disability because she has only one leg and uses a wheelchair, and disabled parking provides for an access aisle and closer distances to an accessible entrance.

9. It is more difficult for a person in a wheelchair to move about than a person who is able to walk; it is also more time-consuming. Hence, disabled parking spots must be the closest to the building entrance to counter-act the difficulty and extra time, i.e. make things equal.

10. Plaintiff formerly worked in the hospitality industry. She is an avid traveler across California for purposes of leisure travel and to "test" whether various hotels comply with disability access laws, doing so at least once per month. Testing is encouraged by the Ninth Circuit.

11. In late April 2024, Plaintiff visited Defendant's hotel, which has a parking lot. However, the disabled parking spots were not the shortest distance to the lobby entrance, which is required pursuant to Section 208.3 of the Standards. The Hotel's

1 non-disabled parking spots are much closer to the entrance. As a result of the violation
2 that she personally encountered (disabled parking not shortest route to entrance), she
3 was deterred from entering the Hotel lobby and left the Hotel.

4 12. Plaintiff has certain plans of returning and staying at the Hotel in
5 November 2024 during one of her many trips to the Los Angeles area and Orange
6 County, but if she arrives then and Defendant has not remediated, she will remain
7 deterred and will return a third time later in the hope remediation occurs allowing her to
8 enter the Hotel.

9 13. It is readily achievable and inexpensive to modify the Hotel to move a
10 disabled parking spot to the shortest possible route to the lobby entrance.

11 14. Without injunctive relief, Plaintiff and others will continue to be unable to
12 independently use Defendant's hotel in violation of her rights under the ADA.

13 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

14 15. Plaintiff incorporates all allegations heretofore set forth.

15 16. Defendant has discriminated against Plaintiff and others in that it has
16 failed to make its public lodging services fully accessible to, and independently usable
17 by, individuals who are disabled in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 12182(a) and §
18 12182(b)(2)(iv) and the 2010 Standards, as described above.

19 17. Defendant has discriminated against Plaintiff in that it has failed to
20 remove architectural barriers to make its lodging services fully accessible to, and
21 independently usable by individuals who are disabled in violation of 42 U.S.C.
22 §12182(b)(A)(iv) and the 2010 Standards, as described above. Compliance with the
23 2010 Standards would neither fundamentally alter the nature of Defendant's lodging
24 services nor result in an undue burden to Defendant.

25 18. In violation of the 2010 Standards, Defendant's Hotel parking lot does not
26 comply with Section 208.3 of the Standards, as described above.

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